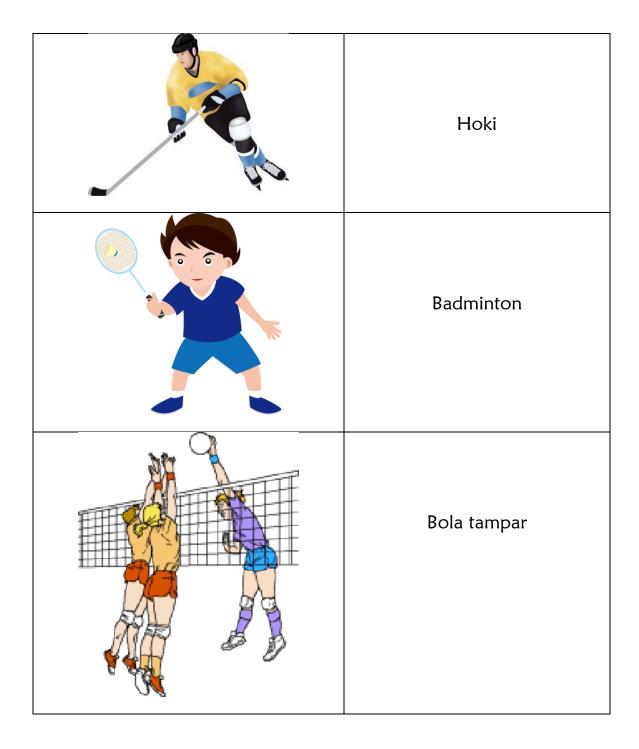


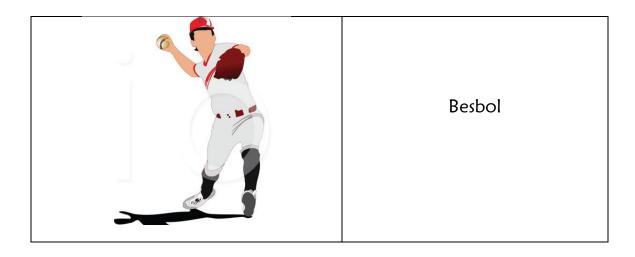
SUKAN

In this week's topic, we learned about **SUKAN** or *sports*. We learned the terms for the common sports in America and also some of the popular sports in Malaysia. We also learned how to describe the sports and give reasons to why we like or dislike a particular type of sport.

Gambar sukan	Jenis sukan
	Bola sepak Amerika
	Bola sepak



Bola keranjang
Renang
Tarian
Lari pecut





As you can see in the list of games, there are several games with the word 'bola', which means *ball*. Most of the sports that use balls in their games have the word 'bola'. For instance, **bola sepak**, **bola keranjang** and **bola tampar**.

Interestingly, many names of the sports gave hints on the way the games are played. For instance:

Sepak: kick

Tampar: slap

Suka main sukan apa?

[What sports do you like (playing)?]

*main – play

[*** 'main' is pronounced as two syllable>> {Ma + in}]

Or simply

Suka sukan apa?

[What sports do you like?]

Contoh:

Guide: Taylor suka main sukan apa?

Taylor: Saya suka renang. Guide suka main sukan apa?

Guide: Saya suka main tenis. [I like playing tennis]

Mengapa suka sukan itu?

[Why do you like that sport?]

Contoh:

Dustin: Joshua suka sukan apa?

Joshua: Saya suka bola sepak Amerika.

Dustin: Mengapa suka sukan itu? [Why do you like that sport?]

Joshua: Sebab sukan itu seronok. [Because that sport is fun.]

*seronok-fun

Some other words to describe sports (negative adjectives):

1. Bosan: boring { Saya tak suka golf sebab golf bosan.}

I don't like golf because it is boring.

2. Susah: difficult { Saya tak suka main hoki sebab susah nak main}

I don't like playing hockey because it is difficult to play.

3. Bodoh: stupid { Sukan itu bodoh.}

That sport is stupid.

In each sport, there are different numbers of players and each are played in different venues.

We learned 'pemain' as player/-s, 'pasukan' as team and 'jurulatih' as the coach.

Dalam sukan bola sepak, ada 11 orang pemain dalam 1 pasukan.

In soccer, there are 11 players in 1 team

Dalam sukan itu juga ada tiga orang pengadil.

There are also 3 referees in the game of soccer.

Perlawanan bola sepak diadakan di padang.

The soccer match is held at the field.

Perlawanan bola keranjang diadakan di gelanggang.

The basketball game (competition) is held at a court.

Gelanggang: court {It can be a tennis court or a basketball court and so on}



Padang: field {A green patch of land in general}



Gol: goal

Perlawanan: match or competition {There is a winner in the game}

E.g. Perlawanan bola sepak antara Ravens dan 49ers diadakan pada bulan Februari lalu.

{The football match between Ravens and 49ers was held in last February.}
Menang: win

E.g. Ravens menang dalam perlawanan itu.

{The Ravens won the game}

Pemenang: winner

E.g. Pasukan Amerika pemenang perlawanan bola keranjang sukan Olympik.

The American team is the winner for the Olympic basketball game.

Kalah: lose/lost

E.g. 49ers kalah dalam Superbowl 2013.

The 49ers lost in the Superbowl 2013.

The synonym for **kalah** is **tewas**, which means **defeat**. However, the usage is slightly different.

Pasukan A tewas kepada Pasukan B.

Team A lost to team B.

Pasukan B menewaskan Pasukan A dalam perlawanan itu.

Team B defeated Team A in that match.

With the prefix me-, the meaning changes.>> "to defeat" or "defeating".

Juara: champion

Malaysia juara sukan bola sepak ASEAN.

Malaysia is the champion of the ASEAN soccer game

Pingat: medal

a) Pingat emas: gold medalb) Pingat perak: silver medal

c) Pingat gangsa: bronze medal

Piala: cup

The famous World Cup games is also known as Piala dunia.

Perlumbaan: race {used for sports in which speed is important such as biking, marathon, dash and so on}

E.g. Perlumbaan basikal itu diadakan di London.

The bicycle race is held in London.

Minit: minute/-s

Saat: second/seconds

Jam: hour/s